



## Wylfa Newydd Project

### 6.6.35 ES Volume F - Park and Ride App F11-4 - Gazetteer of heritage assets

PINS Reference Number: EN010007

Application Reference Number: 6.6.35

June 2018

Revision 1.0

Regulation Number: 5(2)(a)

Planning Act 2008

Infrastructure Planning (Applications: Prescribed Forms and Procedure) Regulations 2009

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## Appendix F11-4 Gazetteer of Heritage Assets

Asset Number	1	Asset Name	Boundary Wall adjacent to Telford A5 Road
Designation	None	NGR	SH3286978283
Value	Low	Site Type	Boundary Wall
NMR ref	None	HER ref	15874
Period	Post-medieval		
Description			
<p>Thomas Telford's Holyhead road was constructed along the southern edge of Dalar Hir farm, and cut through the land associated with Alltwn Ddu, creating a northern area, which subsequently became Bryngoleu. Approximately 810m of walling of possible Telfordian date lies along the southern edge of the study area. The road itself was constructed in the years following 1818 until 1823, and it is tempting to see a link with the improved transport links provided by the arrival of the new road and the development of Dalar Hir farm. On this section of road a significant amount of Telfordian boundary wall survives, although this has been somewhat disrupted by the new slip road leading off the A5 to the roundabouts giving access on to the modern A55, and also has been much repaired. The road appears to be on level ground at this point, meaning there is no need for embankments. Drainage aperture openings through the wall of Telfordian type were noted on the north side of the boundary wall, along with two storage depots of rectangular type, forming recesses along the length of walling. These were used for storage during the original construction works. [1]</p> <p>A field entrance has been created through a Telford stretch of the wall at SH3274778316. There are three storage depots located at SH3297178252, SH3286978282 and SH3276678312. The Telford wall follows the length of the southern boundary of Dalar Hir from SH3318978184 to approximately SH3274678316, from where the original wall has been removed and the current alignment established following the construction of Junction 4 of the A55. The continuation of this modern section of stone wall along the eastern boundary of Dalar Hir has no relationship with the Telford boundary wall. The boundary wall appears to be largely of one style. This heritage asset's setting is formed by the A5 Corridor and Associated Villages Historic Landscape Type (HLT 3), and characterised by the heritage asset's visual relationship with the A5 and traffic movement and noise. [2]</p>			
References			
<p>[1] Gwynedd Archaeological Trust (GAT). 2013. <i>Dalar Hir, Ynys Mon: Archaeological Baseline Assessment</i>. GAT Report 1146. Unpublished technical report</p> <p>[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, walkover survey and site inspections, 29 January 2016.</p>			

Asset Number	2	Asset Name	Former clawdd
Designation	None	NGR	SH33097831
Value	Negligible	Site Type	Field Boundary
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Post-medieval		
Description			
A former clawdd (traditional field boundary) within Field 6, surviving for approximately 63m east of the western field boundary, and about 1m wide. It is similar in character, consisting of an earthen bank with large stone inclusions and facing stones, and is probably of a similar date to the surviving cloddau field boundaries at Bryngoleu. It is shown on the tithe map and the 1st edition Ordnance Survey Map. These demonstrate that Field 6 was formerly divided into two fields, with this boundary being partly removed as part of agricultural improvements at Bryngoleu farm. [1]			
This heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1). [2]			

A geophysical anomaly appears to continue the alignment of the semi-relict boundary (anomaly E) which partially splits the current field into two parts. For this reason, this anomaly is considered likely to locate a former boundary. [3]

#### References

[1] Gwynedd Archaeological Trust (GAT). 2013. Dalar Hir, Ynys Mon: Archaeological Baseline Assessment. GAT Report 1146. Unpublished technical report.

[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, walkover survey and site inspections, 29 January 2016.

[3] Headland Archaeology. 2016. *Land At Dalar Hir, Near Junction 4 of the A55: Geophysical Survey*. Unpublished technical report.

Asset Number	3	Asset Name	Field clearance
Designation	None	NGR	SH32767837
Value	Negligible	Site Type	Field clearance
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
Up to 20 apparently erratic irregular stones are noted in the undulating centre of Field 13. None can be associated directly with an archaeological feature, and these may be the result of a lack of field clearance in this field, but they could be related to prehistoric or later activity. [1]			
As described, this heritage asset is clearly the result of field clearance. This heritage asset's setting is formed by its location within the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1). [2]			
References			
[1] Gwynedd Archaeological Trust (GAT). 2013. <i>Dalar Hir, Ynys Mon: Archaeological Baseline Assessment</i> . GAT Report 1146. Unpublished technical report			
[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, walkover survey and site inspections, 29 January 2016.			

Asset Number	4	Asset Name	Dalar Hir farmstead
Designation	None	NGR	SH32587848
Value	Negligible	Site Type	Farmstead
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Post Medieval		
Description			
<p>The former dwelling at Dalar Hir, west of Field 14, along with a number of original outbuildings in varying states of disrepair were largely demolished in the summer of 2013 (pers. comm.). Historical evidence suggests it was originally built between 1805 and 1808 by the Penrhos estate. Some walls survive up to a height of 1.5m, giving a hint of the original layout, including the south and east walls of an east-west orientated building shown on a Penrhos estate plan of about 1820, with survival up to 12 courses high, which was originally 25m long and 8m wide. The main walls are about 0.6m thick, and there is surviving evidence for internal partitions, with the internal walls being about 0.4m thick. This is thought to have been the earliest building on the site. A covered steel frame structure has been constructed to the south of the site in recent times. The former farm buildings and yard cover an area of approximately 0.29ha. [1]</p> <p>This asset is located within the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1) and includes views south-west and south towards Junction 4 of the A55 and the A5. Noise associated with the movement of highways traffic contributes to this heritage asset's setting. [2]</p>			
References			
[1] Gwynedd Archaeological Trust (GAT). 2013. <i>Dalar Hir, Ynys Mon: Archaeological Baseline Assessment</i> . GAT Report 1146. Unpublished technical report.			

[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, walkover survey and site inspections, 29 January 2016.

Asset Number	5	Asset Name	Bronze Palstave, findspot
Designation	None	NGR	SH3282878292
Value	Negligible	Site Type	Findspot
NMR ref	None	HER ref	7624
Period	Bronze Age		
Description			
Bronze palstave found c.20cm down in boggy disturbed ground just to the north of the A5. Early Middle Bronze Age type (1600 - 1500 cal BC) unlooped palstave found in 1998. [1]			
References			
[1] Gwynedd Archaeological Trust (GAT). 2013. <i>Dalar Hir, Ynys Mon: Archaeological Baseline Assessment</i> . GAT Report 1146. Unpublished technical report.			

Asset Number	6	Asset Name	Caer Helen, earthwork
Designation	None	NGR	SH3261078080
Value	Medium	Site Type	Enclosure
NMR ref	None	HER ref	2517
Period	Iron Age; Roman		
Description			
<p>Recorded on 6" OS as Caer Elen, site of Roman camp.</p> <p>Site of an earthwork on summit of small hill and shown on old OS map (1", 541) as an irregular enclosure with two straight sides at right angles, 50-70yds long on N and W, on S and E the sides irregularly curved. OS 2" drawing 318W - 1818 - 23 shows it as a full rectangle. Site now marked by single bank and ditch 40yds long and 18-20yds overall width, on N side of hill - with traces of the return at its W end. Poor condition, almost ploughed out. (RCAHMW, 1937)</p> <p>No trace on RAF AP's - 1946.</p> <p>1970 field investigation shows two parallel banks of indeterminate length approximately 50.0m apart, barely traceable and all that remains of the earthwork. Situated on crest of a hill, but origin and purpose uncertain. Farmer at Caer Helen farm reports that ploughing in recent years yielded nothing of interest. A possibly rectangular univallate enclosure on a low hilltop. Now entirely ploughed-out but has produced chance finds of a stone axe and a decorated spindle-whorl (Smith, 2005).</p> <p>A slight hollow in the hilltop in the field at the E side is all that can now be seen. The Roman attribution is probably just fanciful. The spindle whorl suggests an Iron Age origin but the earlier finds show there may be even earlier origins. The east side is being repeatedly ploughed down. The west side is now stable although construction of the radio station must have caused considerable disturbance. Any new development - such as new aerials, cabling or buildings should be subject to full monitoring and prior evaluation. Geophysics of the east side might be productive (Smith, 2005).</p> <p>The ploughed out remains of an enclosure which once encircled the low hill, the summit of which is now occupied by a radio mast. Some traces were still visible in 1970, and slight traces are visible on aerial photographs. The age of the enclosure is not known, but it is assumed to be Iron Age and possibly Roman (c. 500 BC to 350 AD). It is unlikely that this site will be disturbed by the proposed road (Davidson &amp; Riley, 1996) (GAT, 1997). [1]</p> <p>No further information. [2]</p> <p>This heritage asset's setting is formed by the Inland Southern Anglesey Historic Landscape Type (HLT 3). Its setting is characterised by its hilltop location, the masts and related infrastructure within it, and long distance views down to the north of highway infrastructure and open farmland beyond, south-west over open farmland with long views towards the settlement of Llanfihangel yn Nhowyn, and south across farmland to Llyn Traffwll. [3]</p>			

## References

- [1] Gwynedd Archaeological Trust Historic Environment Record (accessed April 2016).  
[2] Gwynedd Archaeological Trust (GAT). 2013. *Dalar Hir, Ynys Mon: Archaeological Baseline Assessment*. GAT Report 1146. Unpublished technical report.  
[3] D. Bull, Jacobs, walkover survey and site inspections, 29 January 2016.

<b>Asset Number</b>	7	<b>Asset Name</b>	Caer Elen, findspot
<b>Designation</b>	None	<b>NGR</b>	SH3260078000
<b>Value</b>	Negligible	<b>Site Type</b>	Findspot
<b>NMR ref</b>	None	<b>HER ref</b>	2575
<b>Period</b>	Neolithic		
<b>Description</b>			
Stone axe found at Caer Elen, Bodedern. 6-figure NGR given, axe in private ownership. [1] No further information. [2]			
<b>References</b>			
[1] Gwynedd Archaeological Trust Historic Environment Record (accessed April 2016).			
[2] Gwynedd Archaeological Trust (GAT). 2013. <i>Dalar Hir, Ynys Mon: Archaeological Baseline Assessment</i> . GAT Report 1146. Unpublished technical report.			

Asset Number	8	Asset Name	Milestone
Designation	Grade II Listed Building	NGR	SH3196578427
Value	Medium	Site Type	Milestone
NMR ref	19493	HER ref	None
Period	Post Medieval		
Description			
<p>Following the Act of Union in 1801 a programme to improve the roads between the two capital cities of London and Dublin was initiated. In 1811 Thomas Telford was commissioned to undertake a survey of the roads between London and Holyhead and in 1817 began work on the northern stretch of the road at Shrewsbury. As well as overseeing the work, Thomas Telford also designed every detail of the road, and this milestone is one of a number designed for it c.1817-32. Reason Listed as a fine example of one of Telford's milestones retaining its cast iron plate.</p> <p>Exterior dressed granite slab, set into wall, with shallow triangular head and raking chamfered sides. Cast iron inset plate with lettering reading: HOLY- / HEAD / 6 / MONA / 7 / BANGOR / 19. [1]</p> <p>There is one listed building within a 500m buffer of the baseline assessment area. This lies almost exactly 500m west of it and is an A5 Telfordian Milestone, listed at Grade II (LB19493; SH 31967842). It is a large pillar milestone of a hard limestone, set up between 1818 and 1821 on Telford's Holyhead Road. It had a shallow, triangular head and raking, chamfered sides, with a cast-iron plate set into a recess at the top of the pillar. The inscriptions are in raised script and defined the distances in miles and furlongs from Holyhead (Quartermaine et al. 2003). It is one of 83 Telford milestones on the road in Wales. [2]</p> <p>The setting of this heritage asset is formed by the A5 Corridor and Associated Villages Historic Landscape Type (HLT 2), and is characterised by its roadside location, east of the entrance to the drive of a modern house and directly opposite the drive to Gwaelod-mawr, and by its relationship with Telford's A5 boundary wall which it is built into and the A5 to the south. [3]</p>			
References			
[1] Cadw listing data available from the Coflein (accessed January 2016).			

- [2] Gwynedd Archaeological Trust (GAT). 2013. *Dalar Hir, Ynys Môn: Archaeological Baseline Assessment*. GAT Report 1146. Unpublished technical report.  
[3] D. Bull, Jacobs, walkover survey and site inspections, 29 January 2016.

Asset Number	9	Asset Name	Bryngoleu farmhouse and buildings
Designation	None	NGR	SH3326878022
Value	Negligible	Site Type	Farm House, Farm Buildings
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Post Medieval		
Description			
<p>The farmhouse and buildings at Bryngoleu, built in the years between 1888 and 1900 on land of Alltwn Farm are still occupied and have been much modified, with a go-cart track and adjacent building constructed in recent times. Some of the outbuildings are used as part of the go-cart business. The farm buildings and the Cartio Môn track area covers an area of approximately 1.17ha. [1]</p> <p>The setting of Bryngoleu farmhouse and buildings is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), and characterised by open views east over farmland, south-east and south towards highways infrastructure associated with the A5 and A55, west towards the Cartio Mon go-cart track and associated infrastructure. Views north are internal to the farmstead. Vehicle movement and noise forms part of the setting for this heritage asset. [2]</p>			
References			
<p>[1] Gwynedd Archaeological Trust (GAT). 2013. <i>Dalar Hir, Ynys Mon: Archaeological Baseline Assessment</i>. GAT Report 1146. Unpublished technical report.</p> <p>[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, walkover survey and site inspections, 29 January 2016.</p>			

Asset Number	10	Asset Name	Possible field system
Designation	None	NGR	SH3265078260
Value	Negligible	Site Type	Field System
NMR ref	None	HER ref	5749
Period	Prehistoric		
Description			
<p>Very faint lines visible on the flank of the hill crowned by the radio mast, and the Caer Elen earthwork, may be the ploughed-down remains of lynchets, representing a possibly prehistoric or later field system (GAT, 1993).</p> <p>Very faint lines visible on the flank of the hill crowned by the radio mast and the Caer Elen earthwork. They may be ploughed-down remains of lynchets, representing a prehistoric or later field system. Geophysical survey revealed a possible ploughed out field boundary, or early track, of unknown date, visible as a linear feature on aerial photographs. A reference is made in 1870 (<i>Archaeologia Cambrensis</i> p. 364) to a "paved road with kerbstones" passing south of Caer Helen, which may be this feature (Davidson &amp; Riley, 1996) (GAT, 1997). [1]</p> <p>Ridges to the west of Caer Elen are thought to be remains of medieval field systems (PRN5749; SH 32657826). This is close to the edge of the ground that would have edged Rhos Dalar Hir. Much of the baseline assessment area would appear to have been undrained, and therefore probably unsettled, during the medieval period, although settlement is possible on the fringes. [2]</p> <p>This heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1). [3]</p>			
References			
[1] Gwynedd Archaeological Trust Historic Environment Record (accessed April 2016).			

- [2] Gwynedd Archaeological Trust (GAT). 2013. *Dalar Hir, Ynys Mon: Archaeological Baseline Assessment*. GAT Report 1146. Unpublished technical report.  
[3] D. Bull, Jacobs, September 2016

Asset Number	11	Asset Name	Possible field system (site of)
Designation	None	NGR	SH3230078300
Value	Negligible	Site Type	Field System
NMR ref	None	HER ref	5748
Period	Medieval		
Description			
Ridges visible on the ground in this field may be part of a ridge and furrow field system or ploughed down lynchets (GAT 1993). [1]			
Faint traces noted on the northern flank of Caer Elen and north east of Bryn Farm, may represent the ploughed-down remains of prehistoric lynchets (PRN 5748; SH32307830), although these are likely to have been destroyed by the A55 works. [2]			
References			
[1] Gwynedd Archaeological Trust Historic Environment Record (accessed April 2016).			
[2] Gwynedd Archaeological Trust (GAT). 2013. <i>Dalar Hir, Ynys Mon: Archaeological Baseline Assessment</i> . GAT Report 1146. Unpublished technical report.			

Asset Number	12	Asset Name	Penmynydd Occupation Site
Designation	None	NGR	SH3220078400
Value	Negligible	Site Type	Occupation Site
NMR ref	None	HER ref	11074
Period	Multi Period		
Description			
<p>The site at Penmynydd contains a number of features of interest, including post-holes, stake holes, pits and a hearth. Their location at the foot of a glacial drumlin is of interest.</p> <p>The poorly defined site was excavated as part of the A55 road scheme on Anglesey. Two features were excavated and dated and they at least indicate some form of settlement activity belonging to the later Romano-British and early medieval period. These include a burnt root system which produced a dateable sample of AD130-530, and more significantly, a hearth was identified and dated to AD 340-630 (Kenney and Shalcross 2004). The latter feature may well belong to a post-Roman and early medieval settlement (Waddington, 2013). [1]</p> <p>A targeted excavation was completed by GAT c.200m west of the Junction 4 zone in 1999 as part of the A55 Expressway archaeological mitigation. The site included Neolithic and early Bronze Age activity and occupation site and was identified c.180m south-east of Penmynydd Farm in Bodedern parish (PRN 11074; NGR SH32207840). The targeted excavation incorporated an area 90m by 35m. Long-term cultivation had truncated earlier remains and obliterated any horizontal stratigraphy, but partial remains of structures and pits survived, together with finds of worked stone and pottery. The subsequent radiocarbon dates, identification of Peterborough Ware pottery and analysis of the flints all suggested occupation within the Neolithic period. The interpretation of this site is difficult due to the lack of stratigraphy, and dependent on the dating of relevant features, but settlement sites of this period are extremely rare. The excavation area was subsequently removed as part of the A55 Expressway construction (Smith and Kenney 2001). [2]</p>			
References			
<p>[1] Gwynedd Archaeological Trust Historic Environment Record (accessed April 2016).</p> <p>[2] Gwynedd Archaeological Trust (GAT). 2013. <i>Dalar Hir, Ynys Mon: Archaeological Baseline Assessment</i>. GAT Report 1146. Unpublished technical report.</p>			



Asset Number	13	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, burnt mound and ditches
Designation	None	NGR	SH3311978427
Value	Medium	Site Type	Burnt Mound, ditches
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Prehistoric		
Description			
<p>Three discrete clusters of geophysical anomalies identified along the eastern edge of Nant Dalar Hir. The location of these anomalies adjacent to a watercourse suggest they may be caused by burnt mounds. [1]</p> <p>While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1) and location is next to the Nant Dalar Hir, its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains, and therefore its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this asset. [2]</p> <p>Trench 42 contained the fringes of a possible burnt mound [42011] measuring 4.00m by 1.43m in plan and 0.33m in depth extended into the northern end of the trench. The fill (42012) was a very dark grey silty clay with occasional small-medium heat affected rock fragments and frequent charcoal inclusions. Directly to the west of [42011] was posthole [42004] measuring 0.38m by 0.30m in plan and 0.11m in depth. The single fill of the feature was (42005) a dark grey/brown silty clay with moderate quantities of sub-angular stone and charcoal present.</p> <p>The first of two elliptical ditches [42006] was present towards the centre of the trench, south of burnt mound [42011]. Measuring 1.80m in diameter, 3.19m in length and 0.32m in depth, the width of the ditch itself was 0.63m. The single fill of the feature was a dark grey/brown silty clay with frequent charcoal and sub-angular stones.</p> <p>The second elliptical ditch [42008] was excavated at the southern end of the trench and measured 3.17m in diameter, c.4.5m in length and 0.30m in depth, the width of the ditch itself was 1.05m. The primary fill (42010) lined the cut from top to base with no inclusions and the secondary fill (42009) contained frequent sub-angular stones and charcoal throughout. [3]</p>			
References			
<p>[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Land At Dalar Hir, Near Junction 4 of the A55: Geophysical Survey</i>. Unpublished technical report.</p> <p>[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, September 2016.</p> <p>[3] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching</i>. Unpublished technical report.</p>			

Asset Number	14	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, possible burnt mound
Designation	None	NGR	SH3307478339
Value	Medium	Site Type	Burnt mound
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
A small cluster of geophysical anomalies located close to the western edge of Nant Dalar Hir comprising two parallel linear anomalies aligned north/south with a sub-circular component at the northern end. No obvious non-archaeological source has been identified and therefore these anomalies may be of archaeological origin. [1]			
While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), and its location next to the Nant Dalar Hir, its value is derived from its buried			

archaeological remains and therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]

Trench 53 contained possible burnt mound material (53002/3) was present in and above a land drain at the western end of the trench, likely deposited from a nearby area outside the confines of the trench. The geophysical survey identified a possible burnt mound on the north-eastern boundary of Field B10 on the opposing side of the watercourse to [42011]. Due to ecological constraints, it was not possible to excavate at this location. [3]

#### References

[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. *Land At Dalar Hir, Near Junction 4 of the A55: Geophysical Survey*. Unpublished technical report.

[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, September 2016.

[3] Headland Archaeology. 2016. *Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching*. Unpublished technical report.

Asset Number	15	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, burnt mound and linear ditches
Designation	None	NGR	SH3304078257
Value	Medium	Site Type	Burnt mound, ditches
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
<p>Located close to the southern field boundary with the A5 and to the west of Nant Dalar Hir, a broadly sub-circular geophysical anomaly. Without the same profile or characteristics of any of the geological anomalies and has therefore may be of archaeological origin. [1]</p> <p>While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1) and location is next to the Nant Dalar Hir, its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]</p> <p>In trench 60 the evaluation identified a wide, shallow linear [60002] containing a mid-yellow/grey silty clay fill (60003) at the north-eastern end of the trench.</p> <p>Towards the western end of the trench a southwest-northeast orientated linear ditch [60004] was present. Measuring 0.70m wide by 0.18m in depth it contained a single fill (60005) of light grey clay. Immediately to the east of linear [60004], a further ditch [60006] , measuring 1.34m in width and 0.26m in depth was identified. The single fill (60007) was a mid-grey/brown clay devoid of cultural material.</p> <p>In trench 61 a southwest-northeast orientated linear [61005] was identified towards the western end of the trench. Measuring 0.91m wide and 0.28m in depth it had a single fill (61006), a mid-grey black silty clay.</p> <p>The centre of the trench was dominated by a 17.82m wide burnt mound [61007]. A slot measuring 7.54m in length excavated through the feature revealed a single 0.30m deep dark grey black silty clay fill (61008). Frequent inclusions of heat affected rock and charcoal were present in the deposit.</p> <p>A 0.91m wide southwest-north east orientated linear [61009] was identified at the western end of the trench. The position and orientation suggested it was a continuation of feature [60004].</p> <p>In trench 69 a linear ditch [69003] measuring 1.08m in plan and 0.29m in depth was excavated in the centre of the trench. On a northeast-southwest alignment it may represent a continuation of linear feature [60004].</p> <p>The sole fill of the linear (69004) was a mid-blue/grey silty clay that contained no dateable material. [3]</p>			
References			
<p>[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Land At Dalar Hir, Near Junction 4 of the A55: Geophysical Survey</i>. Unpublished technical report.</p> <p>[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, September January 2016.</p>			

[3] Headland Archaeology. 2016. *Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching*. Unpublished technical report.

Asset Number	16	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, linear ditches and pit
Designation	None	NGR	SH3275378402
Value	Low	Site Type	Linear ditches, pit
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
<p>A small cluster of anomalous geophysical responses which cannot be ascribed to a modern, agricultural or geological origin and have been identified as possible archaeological anomalies. [1]</p> <p>While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]</p> <p>Trench 24 contained a shallow (0.09m) north-south orientated ditch [24003] ran through the centre of the trench and was heavily truncated by a northeast-southwest running land drain. The feature's single mid-grey/brown silty clay fill (24004) contained no dateable material.</p> <p>In Trench 25 the north-south linear ditch identified in trench 24 [24003] appears to have continued [25003] and was excavated towards the centre of the trench. The single fill (25004) was a mid-grey/brown silty clay containing no dateable material.</p> <p>The northern end of trench 28 contained a 1.4m wide sub-circular pit [28003] with a flat base. The single fill (28004) was a mid-brown/grey silty clay that had occasional patches of sand and rooting present throughout. No dateable material was recovered from the feature. [3]</p>			
References			
<p>[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Land At Dalar Hir, Near Junction 4 of the A55: Geophysical Survey</i>. Unpublished technical report.</p> <p>[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, September 2016.</p> <p>[3] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching</i>. Unpublished technical report.</p>			

Asset Number	17	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, linear ditch
Designation	None	NGR	SH3276078508
Value	Low	Site Type	Linear ditch
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
<p>A linear geophysical anomaly which extends 25m south-westwards from the northern field boundary, is of a higher magnitude than most of the ploughing anomalies and also aligned at an oblique angle to the current field boundaries. This geophysical anomaly may be indicative of an infilled ditch of archaeological potential. However, there are no other identified anomalies of archaeological potential in the vicinity. [1]</p> <p>While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]</p> <p>Linear feature [17004] was identified in trench 17 running northeast-southwest at the western end of the trench. The primary fill (17005) was a mid-grey/brown sandy clay with rare charcoal flecking, the secondary fill (17006) was a dark red/brown silty clay. To the east of [17004] was a second north-south orientated linear [17007] measuring 0.55m wide by 0.12m in depth. The sole fill (17008) was a</p>			

mid-grey/brown silty clay with patches of redeposited natural. Barley grain and wheat grain were recovered from an environmental sample recovered from the feature. [3]

#### References

[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. *Land At Dalar Hir, Near Junction 4 of the A55: Geophysical Survey*. Unpublished technical report.

[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, September 2016.

[3] Headland Archaeology. 2016. *Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching*. Unpublished technical report.

Asset Number	18	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, burnt mound, pits, ditches and postholes
Designation	None	NGR	SH3284078484
Value	Medium	Site Type	Burnt mound, pits, ditches
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
<p>In trench 19 a north-south orientated linear [19004] measuring 0.55m wide and 0.32m deep was excavated at the western end of the trench. The single undated fill of the feature (19005) was a silty sand that contained frequent sub angular stones throughout.</p> <p>To the east of [19004] a small shallow pit [19006] was identified. The feature measured 0.50m by 0.37m in plan and 0.06m in depth. Charcoal fragments and a flint scraper considered to be Neolithic or Early Bronze Age date were identified within the single fill of the pit.</p> <p>A second ditch [19008] identified towards the centre of the trench measured 0.90m in width by 0.23m in depth. The sole fill of the feature (19009) was a mid-grey/brown sandy silt that had frequent small sub-angular stones throughout but contained no dateable material.</p> <p>The evaluation identified a burnt mound [19026] measuring 11.63m across and 0.51m in depth in the centre of the trench. It consisted of five different deposits, the primary two of which were (19023) a dark brown/grey sandy clay and (19025) a mid-brown/grey sandy clay. The overlying deposit (19022) was a dark grey/brown sandy clay at the centre of the feature. The latest deposits (located at either end of the feature) were (19015) and (19024), both a dark grey silty clay. All of the deposits that made up the mound [19026] had abundant quantities of angular heat affected rock and charcoal throughout.</p> <p>Three discrete features [19010], [19013] and [19017] were identified below the burnt mound deposits.</p> <p>Towards the western end of the burnt mound an elongated pit feature [19010] measuring 0.90m by 2.30m in plan and 0.14m in depth was excavated. The primary fill (19011) was a mid-grey silty clay containing ash and charcoal inclusions. This was overlain by a dark grey/brown silty clay (19012) containing heat affected stone, ash and charcoal.</p> <p>A second elongated pit [19013] was located to the east of [19010] and towards the centre of the excavated burnt mound material. The feature measured 1.00m by 1.80m in plan with a depth of 0.20m. The single fill (19014) was a mid-brown/grey sandy clay with moderate quantities of heat affected stone and charcoal fragments.</p> <p>Protruding out of the southern trench section was a possible pit [19017] measuring 1.90m by 0.80m in plan and 0.90m in depth. The feature had three fills; the lower fill (19018) comprised a mid-grey/brown silty clay with ash, charcoal and heat affected stone. This was overlain by a mid-grey/brown silty sand (19019) with frequent charcoal and occasional small stones throughout. The upper deposit (19020) was abundant in charcoal and heat affected rock.</p> <p>An apparent continuation [20004] of ditch [19008] was present towards the centre of the trench 20. To the east were two possible postholes. Feature [20007] measured 0.32m by 0.23m in plan and 0.07m in depth and contained a single mid-brown/grey silty clay fill (20008). Posthole [20009] measured 0.30m by 0.25m in plan and 0.09m in depth, the sole fill (20010) was a mid-grey/brown silty clay. Neither feature contained any dateable material. [1]</p>			

While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]

#### References

[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. *Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching*. Unpublished technical report.

[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, 4 May 2017.

<b>Asset Number</b>	19	<b>Asset Name</b>	Dalar Hir, ditch, pits and posthole
<b>Designation</b>	None	<b>NGR</b>	SH3256878529
<b>Value</b>	Low	<b>Site Type</b>	Ditch, pits, posthole
<b>NMR ref</b>	None	<b>HER ref</b>	None
<b>Period</b>	Unknown		
<b>Description</b>			
<p>In trench 20 a shallow ditch [2007] on an east-west orientation was identified at the north-eastern end of the trench. The light grey sandy clay fill (2008) extended to a depth of 0.11m, but no dateable materials were recovered.</p> <p>A square, shallow pit [2009] measuring 0.55m in width was located immediately to the east of ditch [2007]. The composition of the fill (2010) was similar in nature to the topsoil suggesting the feature may be modern, no dateable material was recovered to confirm this.</p> <p>A second shallow pit [2003] was identified in the centre of the trench measuring 1.00m in diameter and 0.22m in depth. The silty clay fill (2004) of the feature contained cereal grains of very poor preservation.</p> <p>Posthole [2005] was found c.3m to the west of pit [2003]. The fill of the posthole (2006) measured 0.15m in depth and was similar in composition to deposit (2004), no cultural material was present. [1]</p> <p>While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]</p>			
<b>References</b>			
<p>[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching</i>. Unpublished technical report.</p> <p>[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, 24 May 2017.</p>			

Asset Number	20	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, pit 1
Designation	None	NGR	SH3253578480
Value	Low	Site Type	Pit
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period			
Description			
In trench 3 a 0.06m deep pit [3003] containing a single mid grey/brown silty clay fill (3004) was excavated towards the south-eastern end of the trench. The feature measured 0.40m by 0.36m in plan though contained no dateable material. [1]			
While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]			
References			
[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching</i> . Unpublished technical report.			

[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, 24 May 2017.

Asset Number	21	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, ditches and pit
Designation	None	NGR	SH3248978523
Value	Low	Site Type	Ditches, pit
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
<p>In trench 4 a linear ditch [4003] was identified on a northeast-southwest alignment from the eastern baulk and terminated 1.10m into the trench. The feature contained an upper fill of mid-grey/brown silty clay containing charcoal fragments (4004), and a lower deposit of light grey brown silty clay (4005) 0.15m in depth.</p> <p>A 0.83m wide ditch [4008] on an east-west alignment was identified terminating within the confines of the trench at the northern end. The mid grey silty clay fill (4009) extended to a depth of 0.07m.</p> <p>To the north of ditch terminus [4003], a single pit [4006] with a diameter of 1.00m and a depth of 0.24m was identified. No dateable material was identified within the mid brown silty clay fill (4007) of the feature. [1]</p> <p>While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]</p>			
References			
<p>[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching</i>. Unpublished technical report.</p> <p>[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, 24 May 2017.</p>			

Asset Number	22	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, ditch and curvilinear feature
Designation	None	NGR	SH3261478516
Value	Low	Site Type	Ditch, curvilinear feature
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
<p>In trench 8 a 1.20m wide ditch [8003] running east-west with two fills was excavated at the southern end of the trench. The primary fill (8004) was a mid-brown/grey silty clay with no dateable material, the secondary fill (8005) was a 0.30m deep light grey brown silty clay with redeposited natural and occasional large sub-angular stones. No cultural material was present in the deposit.</p> <p>The terminus of a northeast-southwest running curvilinear feature [8006] was identified at the northern end of the trench. Measuring 1.10m in width it had a single silty clay fill (8007) containing frequent charcoal inclusions. [1]</p> <p>While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and, therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]</p>			
References			
<p>[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching</i>. Unpublished technical report.</p> <p>[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, 24 May 2017.</p>			

Asset Number	23	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, possible pit
Designation	None	NGR	SH3263478492
Value	Low	Site Type	Possible pit
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
<p>In trench 10 a sub-circular pit or post-hole [10003] was excavated at the western end of the trench. The feature measured 0.77m by 0.46m in plan and extended to a depth of 0.23m. It contained two fills, the primary fill (10004) comprising a sterile sandy clay, which was overlain by a dark brown/black silty clay deposit (10005). No dateable material was recovered. [1]</p> <p>While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and, therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]</p>			
References			
<p>[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching</i>. Unpublished technical report.</p> <p>[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, 24 May 2017.</p>			

Asset Number	24	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, ditch 1
Designation	None	NGR	SH3261978416
Value	Low	Site Type	Ditch
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
<p>In trench 13 a north-south orientated linear [13003] was excavated at the western end of the trench and measured 0.90m in width and 0.44m in depth. The feature was filled by (13004), a mid-brown/grey sandy clay (13004) that contained charcoal fragments.</p> <p>The same linear was identified on a north-south orientation at the western end of trench 14, where it measured 0.83m in width. [1]</p> <p>While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]</p>			
References			
<p>[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching</i>. Unpublished technical report.</p> <p>[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, 24 May 2017.</p>			

Asset Number	25	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, ditch 2
Designation	None	NGR	SH3267778387
Value	Low	Site Type	Ditch
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
In trench 15 an east-west orientated linear ditch [15003] measuring 0.48m in width was identified in the centre of the trench. The single fill [15004] which extended to a depth of 0.16m comprised a mid grey/brown sandy clay which contained fragments of charcoal. [1]			

While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]

#### References

[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. *Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching*. Unpublished technical report.

[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, 24 May 2017.

Asset Number	26	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, ditch 3
Designation	None	NGR	SH3272278509
Value	Low	Site Type	Ditch
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
<p>In trench 16 an east-west orientated linear ditch [16004] measuring 0.73m wide and 0.15m in depth was identified towards the northern end of the trench. The single fill of the feature (16005) was a mid-grey/yellow silty clay that was devoid of cultural material. [1]</p> <p>While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]</p>			
References			
<p>[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching</i>. Unpublished technical report.</p> <p>[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, 24 May 2017.</p>			

Asset Number	27	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, pit 2
Designation	None	NGR	SH3289678478
Value	Low	Site Type	Pit
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
<p>The excavation of trench 29 identified a small sub-circular pit [29003] with steep sides and a rounded base at the western end of the trench. The feature, which measured c.0.50m in diameter and 0.12m in depth, contained a single dark black/brown silty clay fill similar in colour and composition to the topsoil (29001). No dateable material was recovered. [1]</p> <p>While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]</p>			
References			
<p>[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching</i>. Unpublished technical report.</p> <p>[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, 24 May 2017.</p>			



Asset Number	28	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, ditch and pit
Designation	None	NGR	SH3297378467
Value	Low	Site Type	Ditch, pit
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
<p>In trench 32 a small shallow pit [32007] measuring 0.65m in width was excavated at the western end of the trench. The single fill (32008) of the feature was a mid-orange/grey silty clay which was devoid of cultural material.</p> <p>In the centre of the trench was a north-south orientated linear ditch [32003] containing three fills. Fragments of charcoal were identified in each of the deposits. [1]</p> <p>While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]</p>			
References			
<p>[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching</i>. Unpublished technical report.</p> <p>[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, 24 May 2017.</p>			

Asset Number	29	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, ditch 4
Designation	None	NGR	SH3290778365
Value	Low	Site Type	Ditch
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
A northeast-southwest orientated linear with steep sides and a rounded base [36003], 0.82m in width and 0.27m in depth was identified near the centre of the trench. The single fill of the feature (36004) contained fragments of charcoal. [1]			
While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]			
References			
[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching</i> . Unpublished technical report.			
[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, 24 May 2017.			

Asset Number	30	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, ditch 5
Designation	None	NGR	SH3288478330
Value	Low	Site Type	Ditch
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
In trench 38 a linear ditch [38003] was orientated northwest-southeast with steep sides and a rounded base, and was identified towards the centre of the trench. Assessment of the environmental sample recovered from the mid-grey/brown sandy clay fill identified twig fragments suitable for AMS dating. [1]			

While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]

#### References

[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. *Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching*. Unpublished technical report.

[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, 24 May 2017.

Asset Number	31	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, ditch 6
Designation	None	NGR	SH3309578448
Value	Low	Site Type	Ditch
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
<p>In trench 41 a northeast-southwest orientated linear [41005] was identified in the centre of the trench, measuring 1.30m in width and 0.26m in depth. The mid-grey/brown silty clay fill (41006) had frequent large and very large sub-angular stones and occasional charcoal. [1]</p> <p>While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]</p>			
References			
<p>[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching</i>. Unpublished technical report.</p> <p>[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, 24 May 2017.</p>			

Asset Number	32	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, linear feature
Designation	None	NGR	SH3295178356
Value	Low	Site Type	Linear
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
<p>In trench 46 a northeast-southwest orientated linear [46003] measuring 0.95m in width was located in the centre of the trench. The feature contained two deposits, both of which contained burnt material. The primary fill (46004) comprised a silty clay measuring 0.14m in depth with occasional small charcoal flecks in the upper part of the deposit. The secondary deposit (46005), a sandy clay with a depth of 0.22m, contained rare ash and occasional charcoal. [1]</p> <p>While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]</p>			
References			
<p>[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching</i>. Unpublished technical report.</p> <p>[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, 24 May 2017.</p>			

Asset Number	33	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, ditch and linear feature
Designation	None	NGR	SH3301378356
Value	Low	Site Type	Ditch, linear
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
<p>In trench 47 a linear ditch [47004] and its recut [47006] both orientated north-south were excavated in the southern half of the trench. The earlier linear was 0.90m wide with the recut measuring 0.50m, the depth of the recut was slightly deeper for [47004]. The deposits for both the original (47005) and recut ditch (47007) were silty clays with occasional charcoal present.</p> <p>At the very eastern end of the trench was an irregular northeast-southwest linear feature [47008], the single fill (47009) of which comprised a mid-grey/brown silty clay with light yellow/grey patches throughout. The north western edge was heavily disturbed by rooting, creating the irregular shape of the feature. [1]</p> <p>While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]</p>			
References			
<p>[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching</i>. Unpublished technical report.</p> <p>[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, 24 May 2017.</p>			

Asset Number	34	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, linear features
Designation	None	NGR	SH3294278302
Value	Low	Site Type	Linear features
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Prehistoric		
Description			
<p>In trench 51 a wide shallow linear feature [51004] containing three fills was present on a north-south orientation in the centre of the trench. Deposit (51005), a dark grey/brown silty clay had occasional large sub-angular stones throughout and contained a single flint flake. Overlying this was (51006) which consisted of a sandy clay with charcoal flecking throughout. Charcoal flecking continued into the uppermost deposit (51007) along with rare sub-angular stones throughout.</p> <p>The evaluation revealed a second linear feature [51008] to the west of [51004]. On a north south orientation it measured 0.73m in width by 0.10m in depth with a single fill (51009) comprising a midbrown/grey silty clay. [1]</p> <p>While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]</p>			
References			
<p>[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching</i>. Unpublished technical report.</p> <p>[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, 24 May 2017.</p>			

Asset Number	35	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, pit
Designation	None	NGR	SH3294978377
Value	Low	Site Type	Posthole, pit
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
<p>In trench 52 a small, shallow pit [52004] was identified towards the southern end of the trench. The feature measuring 0.48m in diameter and 0.09m in depth and contained a single fill (52005), a mid-blue/black sandy clay with occasional charcoal flecking throughout. [1]</p> <p>While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and, therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]</p>			
References			
<p>[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching</i>. Unpublished technical report.</p> <p>[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, 24 May 2017.</p>			

Asset Number	36	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, sub-circular feature, ditch and pit
Designation	None	NGR	SH3318478344
Value	Low	Site Type	Sub-circular feature, ditch, pit
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period			
Description			
<p>In trench 57 a shallow sub-circular pit [57004] in the centre of the trench with the single fill (57003) comprising a mid-grey/brown silty clay was identified. No dateable material was recovered from the feature.</p> <p>In trench 58 a wide, shallow northwest-southeast orientated ditch [58004] was identified at the very south of the trench. The mid-grey/brown silty clay fill (58003) was the only deposit and no cultural material was present to provide dating.</p> <p>Towards the centre of the trench a possible ditch terminus or elongated pit [58006] was identified. A single fill (58005) comprising a light grey/yellow silty clay was present, but no dateable material was recovered. [1]</p> <p>While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and, therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]</p>			
References			
<p>[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching</i>. Unpublished technical report.</p> <p>[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, 24 May 2017.</p>			

Asset Number	37	Asset Name	Dalar Hir, ditches, pit and gullies
Designation	None	NGR	SH3314678262
Value	Low	Site Type	Ditches, pit, gullies
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period	Unknown		
Description			
<p>In trench 63 a northeast-southwest orientated linear [63003] was excavated at the western end of the trench, measuring 0.90m wide and 0.10m deep. The mid grey/brown silty clay fill (63004) of the feature contained no culturally significant material.</p> <p>Directly to the south of [63003] was a small sub-circular pit [63005] measuring 0.60m by 0.40m in plan and 0.20m in depth. The feature was filled with a dark grey/brown silty clay (63006) deposit.</p> <p>Two parallel northeast-southwest orientated gullies were identified towards the centre of the trench. Gully [63007] with fill (63008) was 0.30m wide, gully [63009] with fill (63010) was 0.36m wide. Both fills were a dark grey brown silty clay; neither deposit provided material suitable for dating.</p> <p>At the eastern end of the trench a further linear [63011] measuring 1.10m wide by 0.34m deep was identified on a northwest-southeast orientation. The primary fill (63012) was a mid grey/brown silty clay and the upper fill (63013) was a mid orange brown silty clay. No artefactual material was recovered from the feature.</p> <p>In trench 64 evaluation identified a north-south orientated linear ditch [64002] at the northern end of the trench. The broad ditch, which measured 0.28m in depth had a single fill (64003) comprising a mid grey brown silty clay.</p> <p>In trench 67 a continuation of feature [64002] was identified at the western end of trench 67 [67007].</p> <p>A 1.15m wide linear feature [67004] was excavated at the northern end of the trench. Measuring 0.28m in depth and orientated on an east-west alignment it had a single dark grey/brown silty sand fill [67005].</p> <p>In trench 68 a northeast-southwest orientated linear [68003] was truncated by a modern land drain at the eastern end of the trench. Measuring 0.69m wide and 0.32m in depth its sole fill (68004) was a dark grey brown silty clay that contained no dateable material.</p> <p>In trench 69 a linear ditch [69003] measuring 1.08m in plan and 0.29m in depth was excavated in the centre of the trench. On a northeast-southwest alignment it may represent a continuation of linear feature [60004]. The sole fill of the linear (69004) was a mid-blue/grey silty clay that contained no dateable material. [1]</p> <p>While this heritage asset's setting is formed by the Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon Historic Landscape Type (HLT 1), its value is derived from its buried archaeological remains and, therefore, its setting does not significantly contribute to our understanding of this heritage asset. [2]</p>			
References			
<p>[1] Headland Archaeology. 2016. <i>Draft Land at Dalar Hir: Archaeological Trial Trenching</i>. Unpublished technical report.</p> <p>[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, 24 May 2017.</p>			

<b>Asset Number</b>	HLT 1	<b>Asset Name</b>	Fieldscape, Central Eastern Mon
<b>Designation</b>	None	<b>NGR</b>	N/A
<b>Value</b>	High	<b>Site Type</b>	Historic landscape
<b>NMR ref</b>	None	<b>HER ref</b>	None
<b>Period</b>			
<b>Description</b>			
Most of (inland) Anglesey is still essentially rural in nature, and this large, disparate area occupies most of the island. Although there are smaller differences in the types and natures of the field patterns, and			

the scattered, non-nucleated settlements, mostly due to historical processes, to differentiate between them requires a more detailed study. [1]

Eight important hedgerows as defined under *The Hedgerows Regulations 1997* have been identified within the footprint of the Park and Ride facility at Dalar Hir. [2]

#### References

[1] LANDMAP data obtained 4 May 2017

[2] D. Bull, Jacobs, September 2016.

Asset Number	HLT 2	Asset Name	A5 Corridor and Associated Villages
Designation	None	NGR	N/A
Value	High	Site Type	Historic landscape
NMR ref	None	HER ref	None
Period			
Description			
19th century turnpike road by Telford starting at Menai Bridge, with associated settlements, modern industrial estates, villages and ribbon sprawl dominate. [1]			
References			
[1] LANDMAP data obtained 4 May 2017			

<b>Asset Number</b>	HLT 3	<b>Asset Name</b>	Inland Southern Anglesey
<b>Designation</b>	None	<b>NGR</b>	N/A
<b>Value</b>	High	<b>Site Type</b>	Historic landscape
<b>NMR ref</b>	None	<b>HER ref</b>	None
<b>Period</b>			
<b>Description</b>			
Most of (inland) Anglesey is still essentially rural in nature. To differentiate between the types and natures of the field patterns, the scattered, non-nucleated settlements, requires a more detailed study at level 4. At level 3, it is difficult to make decisions. By 2017, solar farms had been installed at Tai-moelion and Bryn yr Odyn. [1]			
<b>References</b>			
[1] LANDMAP data obtained 4 May 2017			